AMENDMENT TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the paragraph on page 4, lines 23-34 as follows:

The apparatus has a magnet head 2 comprising 96 elongated permanent magnets 3 (length/thickness about 10:1) with the same distribution as the plate, the upper ends of the permanent magnets being joined by means of a support plate. The magnets are preferably made of a material (e.g. NeFeB) that has high remanence and coercivity. The magnet head is fixed to a lifting device 4, which is movable in the vertical direction. At the same location under the magnet head a casing support 5 is provided, which has a hole at the location of each magnet. The casing support is fixed to a lifting device 6 so as to be movable in the vertical direction. A comb of casings 7 is disposed on the casing support, this comb of casings 7 comprising [[a]] a plurality of individual casing wells 8 for insertion of each magnet 3 of the magnet head 2. At [[its]] their lower ends, each of the casing wells 8 has a separating area shaped as a cone with a concave surface, with a sharp lower tip at the centre.

Please amend the paragraph on page 4, line 36 bridging page 5, line 13 as follows:

The apparatus comprises a rotating tray 9 with locations for sample plates [[8]] 10. By rotating the tray 9, the desired plate 10, whose wells have a liquid mixture containing magnetic particles to be separated [[time]] therefrom, is placed in a treatment position under the magnet head 2. When it is desirable to remove the particles from the liquid mixture in the wells of the sample plate 10, the magnet head 2 is lowered into the comb of casings 7 and these two are inserted together into the wells of the sample plate

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10. The particles in the wells of the sample plate 10 now adhere to the separating area of the casings casing wells 8. After this, the comb of casings 7 and the magnet head 2 are lifted together. When the magnetic particles are to be released, the comb of casings 7 and the magnet head 2 are lowered jointly into the wells of another sample plate 10, and after this the magnet head 2 is lifted first, and then the comb of casings 7. Both in the steps of removing and of releasing the magnetic particles, the comb of casings 7 may perform a number of reciprocating movements (cf. WO 94/18565). In FIG. 1, the treatment station comprises a plate 10 with relatively high wells, such a plate being usable especially for performing a separating reaction. It is, of course, possible to use also plates with lower wells, and then the casings can be accordingly shorter.